

EXERCICE 1D.1

Factoriser le polynôme, comme dans l'exemple :

$A(x) = (x+3)^2 - 2$ $= (x+3)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$ $= (x+3+\sqrt{2})(x+3-\sqrt{2})$		$B(x) = (x-5)^2 - 3$
$C(x) = (x+5)^2 - 7$	$D(x) = (x-3)^2 - 16$	$E(x) = (x-7)^2 - 2$
$F(x) = (2x-3)^2 - 11$	$G(x) = (3x+5)^2 - 25$	$H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 4$

EXERCICE 1D.2

Ecrire sous forme canonique puis factoriser le polynôme (Culture générale)

$A(x) = x^2 + 6x + 5$ $= x^2 + 2 \times 3 \times x + 5$ $= (x^2 + 2 \times 3 \times x + 3^2) - 3^2 + 5$ $= (x+3)^2 - 9 + 5$ $= (x+3)^2 - 4$ $= (x+3)^2 - 2^2$ $= (x+3+2)(x+3-2)$ $= (x+5)(x+1)$		$B(x) = x^2 - 12x + 35$
$C(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3$	$D(x) = x^2 + 6x + 8$	$E(x) = x^2 - 6x - 7$
$F(x) = x^2 - 14x + 47$	$G(x) = x^2 + x - 6$	$H(x) = 25x^2 - 10x - 3$

CORRIGE – NOTRE DAME DE LA MERCI - MONTPELLIER**EXERCICE 1D.1**

Factoriser le polynôme, comme dans l'exemple :

$A(x) = (x+3)^2 - 2$ $= (x+3)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$ $= (x+3+\sqrt{2})(x+3-\sqrt{2})$		$B(x) = (x-5)^2 - 3$ $B(x) = (x-5)^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2$ $B(x) = (x-5+\sqrt{3})(x-5-\sqrt{3})$
$C(x) = (x+5)^2 - 7$ $C(x) = (x+5)^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2$ $C(x) = (x+5+\sqrt{7})(x+5-\sqrt{7})$	$D(x) = (x-3)^2 - 16$ $D(x) = (x-3)^2 - 4^2$ $D(x) = (x-3+4)(x-3-4)$ $D(x) = (x+1)(x-7)$	$E(x) = (x-7)^2 - 2$ $E(x) = (x-7)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$ $E(x) = (x-7+\sqrt{2})(x-7-\sqrt{2})$
$F(x) = (2x-3)^2 - 11$ $F(x) = (2x-3)^2 - (\sqrt{11})^2$ $F(x) = (2x-3+\sqrt{11})(2x-3-\sqrt{11})$	$G(x) = (3x+5)^2 - 25$ $G(x) = (3x+5)^2 - 5^2$ $G(x) = (3x+5+5)(3x+5-5)$ $G(x) = 3x(3x+10)$	$H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 4$ $H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 2^2$ $H(x) = (5x-1+2)(5x-1-2)$ $H(x) = (5x+1)(5x-3)$

EXERCICE 1D.2

Ecrire sous forme canonique puis factoriser le polynôme (Culture générale)

$A(x) = x^2 + 6x + 5$ $= x^2 + 2 \times 3 \times x + 5$ $= (x^2 + 2 \times 3 \times x + 3^2) - 3^2 + 5$ $= (x+3)^2 - 9 + 5$ $= (x+3)^2 - 4$ $= (x+3)^2 - 2^2$ $= (x+3+2)(x+3-2)$ $= (x+5)(x+1)$	$B(x) = x^2 - 12x + 35$ $B(x) = x^2 - 2 \times x \times 6 + 35$ $B(x) = (x^2 - 2 \times x \times 6 + 6^2) - 6^2 + 35$ $B(x) = (x-6)^2 - 36 + 35$ $B(x) = (x-6)^2 - 1$ $B(x) = (x-6)^2 - 1^2$ $B(x) = (x-6+1)(x-6-1)$ $B(x) = (x-5)(x-7)$
$C(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3$ $C(x) = x^2 - 2 \times x \times 1 - 3$ $C(x) = (x^2 - 2 \times x \times 1 + 1^2) - 1^2 - 3$ $C(x) = (x-1)^2 - 1 - 3$ $C(x) = (x-1)^2 - 4$ $C(x) = (x-1)^2 - 2^2$ $C(x) = (x-1+2)(x-1-2)$ $C(x) = (x+1)(x-3)$	$D(x) = x^2 + 6x + 8$ $D(x) = x^2 + 2 \times x \times 3 + 8$ $D(x) = (x^2 + 2 \times x \times 3 + 3^2) - 3^2 + 8$ $D(x) = (x+3)^2 - 9 + 8$ $D(x) = (x+3)^2 - 1$ $D(x) = (x+3)^2 - 1^2$ $D(x) = (x+3+1)(x+3-1)$ $D(x) = (x+4)(x+2)$

$$E(x) = x^2 - 6x - 7$$

$$E(x) = x^2 - 2 \times x \times 3 - 7$$

$$E(x) = (x^2 - 2 \times x \times 3 + 3^2) - 3^2 - 7$$

$$E(x) = (x-3)^2 - 9 - 7$$

$$E(x) = (x-3)^2 - 16$$

$$E(x) = (x-3)^2 - 4^2$$

$$E(x) = (x-3+4)(x-3-4)$$

$$E(x) = (x+1)(x-7)$$

$$F(x) = x^2 - 14x + 47$$

$$F(x) = x^2 - 2 \times x \times 7 + 47$$

$$F(x) = (x^2 - 2 \times x \times 7 + 7^2) - 7^2 + 47$$

$$F(x) = (x-7)^2 - 49 + 47$$

$$F(x) = (x-7)^2 - 2$$

$$F(x) = (x-7)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$F(x) = (x-7+\sqrt{2})(x-7-\sqrt{2})$$

$$G(x) = x^2 + x - 6$$

$$G(x) = x^2 + 2 \times x \times \frac{1}{2} - 6$$

$$G(x) = \left(x^2 + 2 \times x \times \frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - 6$$

$$G(x) = \left(x + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{4} - 6$$

$$G(x) = \left(x + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - \frac{25}{4}$$

$$G(x) = \left(x + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{5}{2} \right)^2$$

$$G(x) = \left(x + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \right) \left(x + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{2} \right)$$

$$G(x) = (x+3)(x-2)$$

$$H(x) = 25x^2 - 10x - 3$$

$$H(x) = (5x)^2 - 2 \times 5x \times 1 - 3$$

$$H(x) = \left((5x)^2 - 2 \times 5x \times 1 + 1^2 \right) - 1^2 - 3$$

$$H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 1 - 3$$

$$H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 4$$

$$H(x) = (5x-1)^2 - 2^2$$

$$H(x) = (5x-1+2)(5x-1-2)$$

$$H(x) = (5x+1)(5x-3)$$